



## Part 4 ► In God's Image

Last time we looked at God's wonderful creation. But what's the most wonderful thing in creation? It's *us*! We humans are "**fearfully and wonderfully made**" (Psalm 139:14). And the most amazing thing about us is this: God made us "**in his own image**" (Genesis 1:27). We aren't actually divine, of course. But we are as like God as it's possible for any created being to be.

### Personality and conscience

So how are we like God?

- We're self-conscious, personal beings. Like God, we're relational. We reflect God in having moral capacity—an inner sense of right and wrong. We have minds; we're able to reason and think logically. We have emotions—we're able to feel things deeply, such as love, compassion, and anger at injustice. We possess wills—we choose, we plan, we make decisions.
- God speaks, and so can we. God's words are all-powerful; ours, of course, are not. Nonetheless, our words do have great power.
- God is creative, and so are we. Of course, we can't create out of nothing, as God can. But we *can* create things out of what already exists. And, of course, we can procreate—children in our own image. We reflect God, too, in being imaginative, inventive, artistic.
- We reflect God in being able to rule. He rules over everything. But He's also created *us* to be rulers—He appointed us to "**have dominion over**" every living creature on His behalf (Genesis 1:26).
- There's another very special way in which we're like God. God is love (1 John 4:8,16). And so we, too, can love in the same way as God does. When we love God and love each other—selflessly and sacrificially—then we are reflecting God's own love.

### Our relationship with others

God has given us the ability to love. Love implies relationship. So God has created us for relationship.

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Firstly, God created us “male and female” (Genesis 1:27). We’re designed to enjoy the lifelong intimacy of marital union.

Secondly, God created the human race not as isolated individuals, but as a family. We’re all related to each other. Only Adam was created by God directly. Eve was made from Adam’s body. And all of us are the descendants of this human pair. So we’re all connected. That’s why John Donne could write: “No man is an island, entire of itself”.<sup>[1]</sup> And because we’re all connected, we instinctively need to feel part of a group. We fear exclusion, isolation, loneliness. Without human companionship and intimacy we find it hard, even impossible, to live.



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### Our relationship with God

We’re made for relationship with each other. And God has made us for relationship with Himself. As Saint Augustine famously wrote, God made us for Himself, and our heart is restless, until it rests in Him.<sup>[2]</sup> In fact, He has made us in such a way that—by His Holy Spirit—God can live *within* us (see John 14:15-18,23).

### Precious to God

God made us in His image. And because we’re in His image, we have great value. We’re very precious to God. The pastor and writer Derek Prince wrote this: “For more than fifty years, I have tried to help people with innumerable problems in their lives. Eventually, I have come to a surprising conclusion: *Our basic problem as human beings is that we do not realize how valuable we are.*”<sup>[3]</sup>

### How should we then live?

And our value as God’s precious image-bearers has huge bearing on how we should live. We treat precious objects with great care. So we’re to treat ourselves with great care, too. We’re to take care about what we do with our bodies, what we fill our minds with, how we use our talents and how we spend our time.

And, if I'm so valuable, then so is my friend and my neighbour—and so is my enemy. My friend and neighbour and enemy are created in God's image. And so we should love them and respect them.

### Born to finish God's work of creation

God put us humans here on Earth for a reason. He's given us work to do. God blessed Adam and Eve and said to them, *"Be fruitful and multiply and fill the earth and subdue it, and have dominion over the fish of the sea and over the birds of the heavens and over every living thing that moves on the earth"* (Genesis 1:28). And God put Adam into the garden of Eden *"to work it and keep it"* (Genesis 2:15).

Our task began in that garden. But as our human race grew in number, we were to expand the borders of the garden until it extended across the entire planet. It was to be a wonderful world where God lived with us, and where we lived in harmony with each other and with creation. In other words, this world was to be a place where *God's people lived in God's paradise in God's presence.*

### God's fellow-workers

So God gave us work to do here on Earth. Today, work can so often involve toil and stress. But that's not how it was in the beginning. In the garden of Eden, work was pleasurable and fulfilling.

In fact, God Himself is a worker. Remember that God *"formed the man of dust from the ground"* (Genesis 2:7). Then God *"planted a garden"* (Genesis 2:8). And He formed beasts and birds *"out of the ground"* (Genesis 2:19).

Jesus Himself was a skilled manual worker—a carpenter (the Greek word can also mean 'builder')—for most of his adult life. We might have expected the Son of God to come as a great philosopher, or a noble statesman. But He didn't. He came as a workman, a carpenter.<sup>[4]</sup>



All kinds of work have dignity. Jesus Himself was a skilled manual worker—a carpenter (the Greek word can also mean 'builder')—for most of his adult life.

God is a worker. And since He created us in His image, we're created to be workers, too. All kinds of work have dignity—manual work as well as intellectual work. It's said that the wife of the famous preacher Billy Graham had a sign above their kitchen sink which read: 'Divine service done here daily'!

And the sort of work God made us for puts our natural creativity to use. We are creative from our very earliest years. We make things that are

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not merely functional, but also beautiful. And we humans are natural born explorers—we're constantly expanding our understanding of ourselves and of God's creation. All this is a natural outworking of our God-given calling to subdue the earth, rule it and make it a paradise.

Notice that God told Adam to “subdue” the Earth. That word “subdue” suggests that our task would challenge us. It would engage all our physical, mental, imaginative, and creative powers.

And we weren't to work on our own. God intended us to work in *dependence* on Him and in *relationship* with Him. We were to be guided and empowered in our task by His Holy Spirit.

### God's royal people

God said to mankind: “. . . have dominion over the fish of the sea and over the birds of the heavens and over every living thing that moves on the earth” (Genesis 1:28). To have dominion is what *kings* do. It's a *royal* vocation. God appointed us—men and women together—to rule this Earth on His behalf.

### Caretakers of God's garden

As we said above, God put Adam into the garden of Eden “to work it and keep it” (Genesis 2:15). This word “keep” can also be translated “guard”. Adam and Eve were to care for and guard God's garden. That word ‘guard’ suggests there was something—or someone—that the garden needed to guarded *from*. Adam and Eve were to make sure no-one entered the garden to spoil it, or to harm them.

### In the next part . . .

Adam and Eve were to guard the garden—to ensure nothing and no-one got in to spoil the garden, or harm them. But someone *did* get in. Who was that, and what happened? We'll find out next time.

### Bible Reading and Question

You may like to read Psalm 139. This psalm's key theme is God's complete and intimate knowledge of us. He's present with us wherever we may be. He formed us in our mother's womb. David, the psalmist, hates those who rebel against God. And he hates sin within himself, too. He asks God to search his heart and lead him in “the way everlasting” (139:24).

- ❗ As we read in Psalm 139, we're “fearfully and wonderfully made” (139:14). And we're God's precious image-bearers. How should this impact how we live—what we think, say and do, and how we use our talents and time? And how should it impact our attitude to others, and how we relate to them?

REFERENCES [1] Quoted from *Devotions Upon Emergent Occasions; Together with Death's Duel* by John Donne, XVII. *Meditation*. An Ann Arbor paperback, published in 1959 by the University of Michigan Press, Michigan, USA, and simultaneously published by Ambassador Books, Ltd., Toronto, Canada. Available online at <https://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/23772>, accessed on 26 January 2023. [2] See *Confessions* by Augustine of Hippo, book 1, chapter 1. Newly translated and edited by Albert C. Outler, Perkins School of Theology, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas. Published by the Christian Classics Ethereal Library, Grand Rapids, Michigan, in 1955. Available online at <https://www.ccel.org/ccel/augustine/confessions>, accessed on 4 May 2024. In this book, the exact quotation is, “thou hast made us for thyself and restless is our heart until it comes to rest in thee”. [3] Quoted from *Rules of Engagement: Preparing for Your Role in the Spiritual Battle* by Derek Prince, page 12. Published by Chosen Books, a division of Baker Publishing Group, Grand Rapids, Michigan, in 2006. The italics in the quotation are Derek Prince's own. [4] This is adapted from *What Were We Put Into This World To Do?* by Tim Keller, page 13. Published by Redeemer Presbyterian Church, New York, in 2006. Dr. Keller is here quoting from *from Beginnings: Eden and Beyond: Genesis 1-11*, by Phillip D. Jensen and Tony Payne, page 40. Published by Crossway Books, Wheaton, Illinois, in 1999, and first published under the title *Beyond Eden* by Matthias Media, Sydney, Australia, in 1990.

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